ces and the determined international prices under the International Price Reimbursement Scheme.

Expenditures incurred from Asiad funds

2446. SHRI LAL K. ADVANI:
SHRI ASHWANI KUMAR:

Will the Minister of URBAN DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) what are the details of expenditure sanctioned and that which was actually incurred, out of the Asiad funds, on the construction of Asiad Village and players' hostel near the Indira Gandhi Stadium.

(b) what were the original estimates of time and cost and in what manner these compare with the actual time and cost spent;

(c) what amount has been spent so far on maintenance and modifications, after the Asiad, and the expenditure incurred on the supply of water, electricity and total payment accrued and made as property tax etc.;

(d) in what manner, by whom and when these have been used after the Asiad, either for sports or other activities and at what rents; and

(e) what has been the total income from them so far?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF URBAN DEVELOPMENT (SHRI DALBIR SINGH):

(a) *Asiad Village*:

The expenditure has been incurred out of DDA's own resources and not from the Asiad funds. Total expenditure incurred in the Asian Games Village is Rs. 38.00 crores. This expenditure does not include the overhead & unforeseen liabilities.

Players Hostel:

The expenditure has been incurred from DDA's own resources. No Asiad funds were available for this project. The total expenditure incurred so far is Rs. 5.32 crores.

(b) *Asiad Village*:

The original estimated cost of the Asiad Village was Rs. 17.82 crores and the time for completion was 2 years. The works expenditure is Rs. 38.00 crores and the actual time of completion was 2 years.

Players Hostel:

The estimated cost of this building was Rs. 13.77 crores. The building was planned to be completed in two phases. Phase-I with the date of start 1.7.81 and date of completion as 31-5-82 and phase-II with the date of completion as 15-8-83. This building is still incomplete and as such the actuals cannot be calculated which will be required to complete the building for the desired use.

(c) *Asiad Village*:

Expenditure on civil maintenance upto Feb., 88 is Rs. 401.0 lacs which includes expenditure on supply of water to Asian Games Village complex & property tax of Coffee shops.

Players Hostel:

No expenditure has been incurred on maintenance, supply of water, electricity etc. and no modification has been carried out in this building. Since the building is incomplete, no property tax has been paid so far.

(d) After the Asiad, the Asian Games Village Complex has been put to the following use:

1. Non Aligned Meet.
2. Non Aligned Youth Festival.
3. National Sports Talent Competition November, 1985.
4. National Games.
5. School Games—Jan, 86.
6. Police Games—Feb., 86.

Only facility charges have been claimed| charged in r|o above @ Rs. 30|- per bed per day.

Rent charged for:

(i) Cultural Central per show Rs. 10,000|-

(ii) Green room per show: Rs. 498|- per room

(iii) Practice Hall. Rs. 4,750|-

Players Hostel:

Some of the portion of the building at 0.00m level is being used by the SAI for practice|warming up of gymnastic, volleyball and badminton events etc. These areas were used as practice halls for these events during Asiad also. No rent is being charged from SAI, as this portion of the building has also been given to SAI as decided by the Competent Authority.

(e) *Asiad Village*:

Rs. 30.00 lacs upto 31-8-86 from hiring of Cultural Central, Green Room & Practice Hall which had been sold to Ministry of Information & Broadcasting *w.e.f.* 31-12-86.

Players Hostel:

There is no income from it.

Houses for weaker sections under rural housing schemes

2447. SHRI SHANKER SINH VAGHELA: Will the Minister of URBAN DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) whether as far back as in 1968, planners had recognised rural housing as a social measure of vital importance;

(b) if so, since then how many rural housing units each year on an average as yet have been built for the weaker sections of the society, with basic amenities like drinking water, sanitation and drainage; and

(c) what was the requirement then and also at present?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF URBAN DEVELOPMENT (SHRI DALBIR SINGH): (a) to (c) Since commencement of the planning era, till the 5th Year Plan, housing in rural areas was viewed in the overall perspective of community development and rural reconstruction. In the Fifth Five Year Plan, there was no separate provision for rural housing except Rs. 100.16 crores for providing 40 lakh rural house-sites to the landless agricultural workers. However, the Central Sector Scheme of allotment of house-sites was launched in 1971 with a view to providing developed plots with infrastructural facilities like drinking water supply. But, in April, 1974 the scheme was transferred to State sector. Initially it was estimated that the number of eligible rural families needing house-sites by the end of March, 1985 would be around 14.5 million. Later on it was supplemented with construction assistance so that the families with allotted house-sites could construct houses.

Since the inception of the scheme and upto December, 1987, while on an average 1 million house-sites were allotted to the rural landless workers every year. 3.15 million families were provided with construction assistances.

Besides, Indira Awas Yojana was also launched in 1985 as part of the RLEGP to provide housing units to SC|ST and freed bonded labourers. As per the provisional estimates available, 0.28 million housing units have been constructed upto 31st December, 1987 under the scheme. The Housing and Urban Development Corporation started financing the Rural Housing Scheme from 1977-78 and has, upto 31-1-1988, sanctioned about 1.45 million housing units.

Lease of land|buildings to newspapers|periodicals

2448. SHRI ATAL BIHARI VAJPAYEE:

SHRI KAILASH PATI MISHRA:

Will the Minister of URBAN DEVELOPMENT be pleased to state:

(a) what are the names of the daily newspapers|periodicals, alongwith their